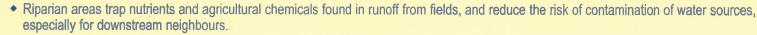
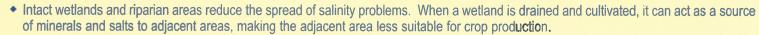
# The Links Between Crops and Riparian Areas

### How do Riparian Areas Help Me and My Crops?

- Water in riparian areas infiltrates through the ground and spreads both outwards and downwards. This does two things; it recharges the local groundwater reserves and creates increased soil moisture in the surrounding area. This has direct benefits for the surrounding crops, resulting in higher crop yields.
- Riparian areas, along with grassed waterways (natural drainage paths in fields), can reduce soil and bank erosion. This adds to the stability of croplands.
- The deep fertile soils in river valleys were originally created by riparian areas. The lush vegetation traps sediment and nutrients to build a highly productive soil for crops.





However, riparian areas can only deal with so much. Sensible cropping practices should avoid overloading riparian areas so that they can continue to function and provide benefits to surrounding crops.

# What makes a Healthy Riparian Area?

A healthy, well-functioning riparian area provides many more benefits than an unhealthy one. Riparian areas vary in their health for a variety of reasons.

### Is your riparian area healthy? If it is, you should see:

- ✓ Lush vegetation including a variety of native plants such as grasses, sedges, cattails, and layers of shrubs and trees
- Stable, well-vegetated bank and/or
- Very little or no bare soil
- ✓ Few or no weeds.

### What is a Buffer?

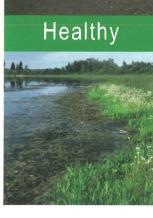
Think of a buffer as the "filling" that is sandwiched between your crop and the adjacent riparian area. Buffers can greatly increase the effectiveness of riparian areas. There are many different types of vegetation that make effective buffers. For example a buffer could be a strip of native grasses, a non-native grass/legume mix or even a shelterbelt of berry-producing shrubs or trees. In addition to protecting the riparian area, buffers usually trap snow, adding further moisture to your croplands. Buffers of 30 m wide are adequate in most situations, but wider strips may be needed in steep areas.

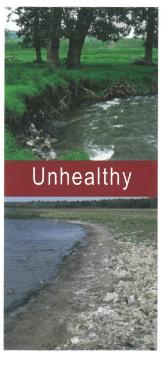




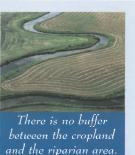








Increased soil moisture

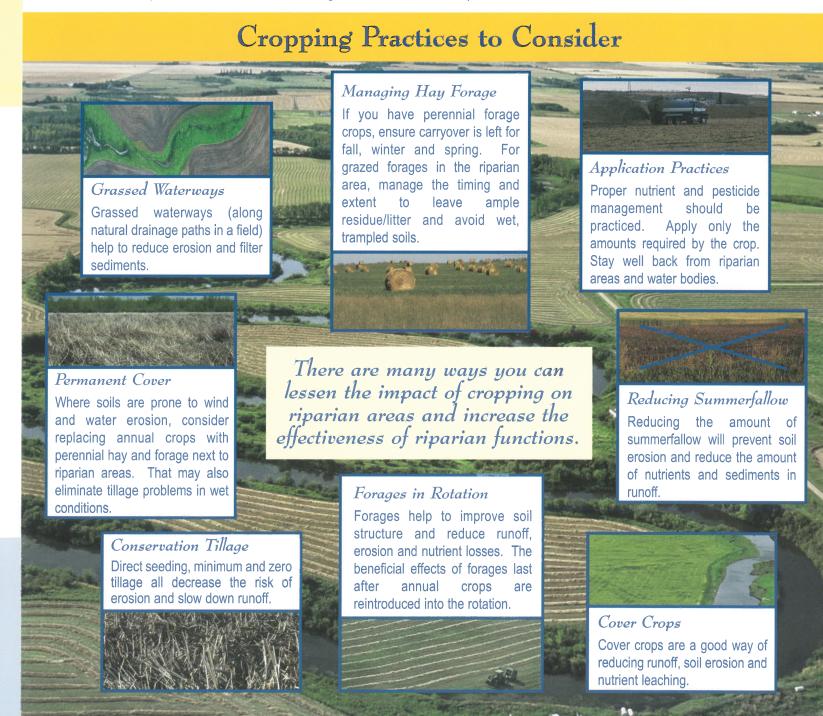




### How Can You Help Riparian Areas Do Their Job?

Here are some tips to help you maintain a healthy riparian area:

- Keep the riparian area in as natural a state as possible. Retain the native plants that are adapted to living in riparian areas. A thick tangle of shrubs, cattails, sedges and trees is highly effective at removing nutrients, trapping sediment and stabilizing shorelines and banks.
- Minimize compaction of riparian soils by livestock, vehicles and equipment. Compaction means that less water can infiltrate through the riparian soils. This reduces the amount of water entering groundwater reserves and increases runoff.
- Leave wetlands intact rather than draining and/or cropping them. See our "Value of Wetlands" fact sheet for more information on how wetlands benefit croplands, improve local climate and improve water quality.
- Retain the full width of the riparian area AND add a buffer between it and your crop.
- Don't overload riparian areas with runoff containing sediment, nutrients and pesticides/herbicides.



## Resources

## about Riparian Areas & Croplands

### Cows and Fish

Cows and Fish is a non-government program that fosters a better understanding of how improvements in management of riparian areas can enhance landscape health and productivity for the benefit of ranchers, farmers and others who use and value riparian areas. Cows and Fish landowners, producer municipalities and local communities address riparian management issues on a watershed basis. We do this by increasing awareness through education and the use of a number of "tools" such as demonstration sites and health assessment of riparian areas. Riparian health assessments provide baseline information about riparian health and function and help develop plans to address specific land use issues.

### Materials Available from Cows and Fish

- Caring for the Green Zone Riparian Areas and Grazing Management
- ◆ Riparian Areas: A User's Guide to Health
- Riparian Health Assessment for Streams and Small Rivers - Field Workbook
- Riparian Health Assessment for Lakes, Sloughs and Wetlands - Field Workbook
- \* Fact Sheets Series, including: Value of Wetlands, Facing the Issues, Tools for Riparian Management, Water Quality, Lakes and Wetlands, Biodiversity, Invasive and Disturbance-caused Plants in Riparian Areas
- Other material is available on our website (see below).

### Other Organizations

### Alberta Reduced Tillage LINKAGES (RTL)

This partnership of industry, conservation and education organizations and government works in conjunction with local organizations and helps to sponsor field days and demonstrations of reduced tillage. The partnership also initiated a Direct Seeding Factsheet Series, published by Alberta Agriculture -Conservation and Development.

J. G. O'Donoghue Bldg. 206, 7000 - 113 Street Edmonton, AB T6H 5T6 Phone: (780) 422-7922 www.reducedtillage.ca

# Alberta Conservation Tillage

This non-profit society promotes the importance of soil conservation to farmers, agriculture extension personnel, and the general public.

Box 41029 114 Street 40 Avenue Edmonton, AB, T6J 6M7 Phone: 780-842-2225 Fax: (403) 227-1925

### Soil & Water Conservation Society Alberta Chapter

This group promotes public awareness and education in Alberta concerning the conservation of soil, water and related natural resources

c/o Alberta Agriculture-Conservation and **Development Branch** 206, 7000 - 113 Street Edmonton, AB, T6H 5T6 Phone: 780-427-3588 Fax: 780-422-0474

This fact sheet was created in partnership with Alberta Agriculture, Food and Rural Development and Alberta Environmentally Sustainable Agriculture.

Working with producers and

communities on riparian awareness

Program Manager: Lethbridge 403-381-5538

Riparian Specialists:

Edmonton 780-427-7940 Red Deer 403-340-7607

Calgary 403-275-4400 Lethbridge 403-381-5377

Fax 403-381-5723 • E-mail riparian@cowsandfish.org

www.cowsandfish.org

Photo Credits: Lorne Fitch, Kelsey Spicer, Liz Saunders

### Cows and Fish Members

Producers & Community Groups, Alberta Beef Producers. Alberta Environment, Alberta Agriculture, Food and Rural Development, Alberta Sustainable Resource Development, Alberta Environment, Fisheries and Oceans Canada, Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada, Prairie Farm Rehabilitatio Administration, Alberta Conservation Association

Funding Associates include

AESA (Alberta Environmentally Sustainable Agriculture) and Greenhouse Gas Mitigation Program for Canadian Agriculture



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### Government Resources

### Agriculture and Agri-Food Canada:

Riparian Areas: An Undervalued Saskatchewan Resource available from:

www.agr.gc.ca/pfra/land/riparea.htm

### Alberta Sustainable **Resource Development**

Managing Riparian Areas available from:

www3.gov.ab.ca/srd/land/publicland s/publan22.html

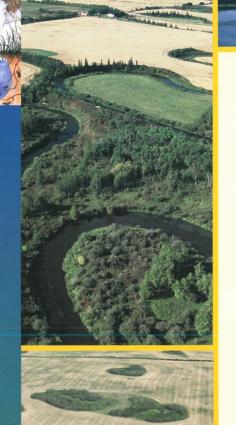
### Alberta Agriculture, Food and Rural Development:

Water Quality and Riparian Areas on Your Land available from:

www.agric.gov.ab.ca/sustain/water/ waterways/cen97-1.html

# Crops, Creeks & Sloughs

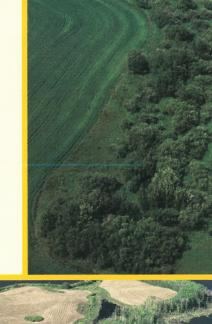
managing riparian areas in and around cropland





Riparian areas are portions of the landscape strongly influenced by water. You can recognize them by the water-loving plants along rivers. streams, lakes, springs, wetlands, sloughs and seeps. The plants growing in riparian areas are usually very different from the adjacent cropland and pastureland. Lush growth of grasses, sedges, cattails, shrubs and trees characterize riparian areas. The kinds of plants growing in a riparian area vary depending on whether the riparian area is surrounding a wetland, lake, large river or small creek. As the surrounding photos demonstrate, riparian areas also look different depending on what part of the province they are found in.

Riparian areas make up only 2 - 5% of the total land However, they are very important ecologically, socially and economically.



# Why are Riparian Areas Important?

Healthy riparian areas perform many important functions in our landscape. They:

- Trap and store water, thus recharging groundwater
- Decrease the magnitude of floods and reduce damage from high water levels
- Filter runoff water as it moves towards the water body, thereby improving water quality
- Trap and store sediments as well as protect banks and shorelines from erosion
- Provide habitat for fish, wildlife and plants
- Offer shelter and forage for livestock production
- Slowly release water from shallow groundwater to add moisture to adjacent crops and forage.

### Riparian areas provide important benefits to surrounding croplands. Read on to find out how riparian areas enhance cropping systems and how you can manage your riparian area and croplands to maximize these benefits.



Trout Unlimited Canada, Canadian Cattlemen's Association